# New Zealand Children's Cancer Registry Snapshot 2021



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This 'snapshot' of the New Zealand Children's Cancer Registry (NZCCR) highlights some of the key statistics concerning children diagnosed with cancer during 2021. More detail on the NZCCR, and previous snapshot reports can be viewed at **childcancernetwork.org.nz/nzccr-overview** 

### Annual cases

159
children were diagnosed with cancer in 2021

child cancer relapses were recorded in 2021

The registry also recorded the deaths of 30 child cancer patients in 2021

29

Additional registrations were entered into NZCCR but were either over 15 years old at diagnosis or had a condition classified as a non-cancerous of haematological condition.

## Annual cases by sex and age



# Study enrolment

Children were enrolled in therapeutic clinical trials.

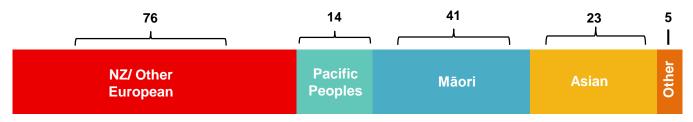
Similar to previous years more boys (n=96) were diagnosed with cancer than girls (n=63) in 2021.

of children were less than 10 years old when they were diagnosed.

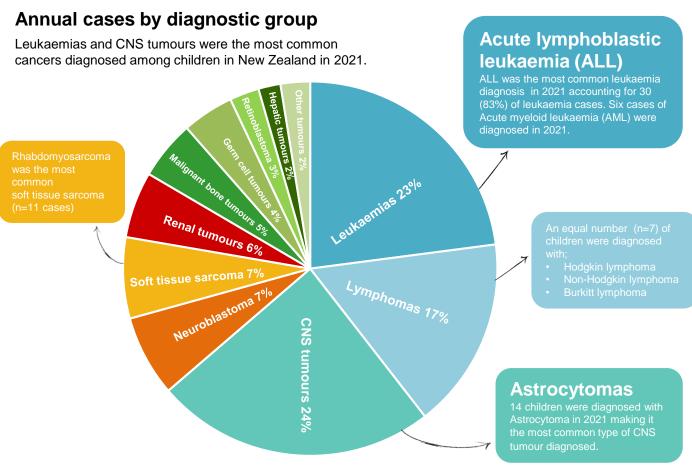
The most common age bracket for a cancer diagnosis for both boys and girls was 1-4 years.

## Annual cases by ethnicity

Less than half (47%) of children diagnosed in 2021 identified solely as NZ / Other European. Approximately one in four children diagnosed with cancer were prioritised Māori ethnicity (25%), which is similar to the NZ child population as a whole.



The NZCCR captures data on children aged 0-14 years diagnosed with cancer in New Zealand. This snapshot report does not include patients referred to paediatric oncology centres from overseas, those who are aged 15 years and over, or children who are diagnosed with a non-malignant/other haematological condition. As many childhood cancers require several years of treatment, the number of patients undergoing treatment each year is substantially higher. Ethnicity was prioritised to Māori, Pacific Peoples, Asian, Middle Eastern/Latin American/African (MELAA), Other, and NZ European according to the Ministry of Health data protocols.



### The types of cancers diagnosed varied by age group

Although leukaemia was the most common cancer overall, retinoblastoma was the most common cancer diagnosed among infants less than 1 year of age; renal tumours were most common among children aged 1-4 years and bone tumours and soft tissue sarcomas were more common among children aged 10-14 years of age.

